Whole Numbers Solutions







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Page 4 questions

Place values

2

Write down the place values for each of these numbers

a	1426	b	42 603
	Place value of 1: 1000		Place value of 3: 3
	Place value of 2: 20		Place value of 4: 40 000
C	560 142	d	7 380 261
	Place value of 5: 500 000		Place value of 7: 7 000 000
	Place value of 6: 60 000		Place value of 8: 80 000
Wri (i) (ii)	te each of these ordinary numbers in: worded form expanded form 2560 (i) Two thousand, five hundred and sixty (ii) $(2 \times 1000) + (5 \times 100) + (6 \times 10)$		
b	1 306 211 (i) One million, three hundred and six the (ii) $(1 \times 1000000) + (3 \times 100000) + (0 \times 100000)$	ousan 10 00	d, two hundred and eleven 0) + (6×1000) + (2×100) + (1×10) + (1×1)

c 891 026

- (i) Eight hundred and ninety one thousand, and twenty six
- (ii) $(8 \times 100\,000) + (9 \times 10\,000) + (1 \times 1000) + (0 \times 100) + (2 \times 10) + (6 \times 1)$





Page 5 questions

Place values

- **d** 708 002
 - (i) Seven hundred and eight thousand, and two
 - (ii) $(7 \times 100\,000) + (0 \times 10\,000) + (8 \times 1000) + (0 \times 100) + (0 \times 10) + (2 \times 1)$
- **e** 9011060
 - (i) Nine million, eleven thousand, and sixty
 - (ii) $(9 \times 1000000) + (0 \times 100000) + (1 \times 10000) + (1 \times 1000) + (0 \times 100) + (6 \times 10) + (0 \times 1)$
- Write the ordinary number for each of these:
 - Four hundred and thirty nine thousand, two hundred and six

439 206

- **b** $(4 \times 1\,000\,000) + (2 \times 100\,000) + (0 \times 10\,000) + (1 \times 1000) + (0 \times 100) + (3 \times 10) + (0 \times 1)$ 4 201 030
- c Eighty one thousand and five

81 005

d $(9 \times 10\,000) + (8 \times 1000) + (9 \times 100) + (9 \times 10) + (8 \times 1)$

98 998

• Any number whose place values for 4 , 5 and 2 are 4000, 5 and 200

Any number with the correct place values for 2, 4 and 5 such as: $14\,235$, $4\,205$, $634\,295$, $1\,004\,205$

f Three million, thirty thousand and thirty

3 0 3 0 0 3 0





Page 9 questions

Adding and subtracting large numbers

1

Calculate each of these addition questions showing all working.

a	$5 \ 6 \ 2 \ 1 \ 0 \ + \\ 8 \ 8 \ 3 \ 5 \\ 3_1 \ 0_1 \ 6 \ 1 \ 4 \\ \hline 9 \ 5 \ 6 \ 5 \ 9 \\ \end{array}$	b	$ \begin{array}{rrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrr$
G	$9 9 + 4 3 2 1 8_1 6_1 4_1 2 1 3 0 6 2$	d	$ \begin{array}{r} 8 & 4 & 3 + \\ 1 & 9 & 5 \\ 6 & 0 & 4 \\ $
•	$ \begin{array}{rrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrr$	ſ	8 7 6 3 8 + 2 1 9 3 1 0 5 1 8 4 1 7 6

2 Combo Time!

3	4	5	2	0	9 +
	1 ₁	8 ₁	7 ₁	9 ₁	6
3	6	4	0	0	5

Page 10 questions

Adding and subtracting large numbers

3 a

5 2	6	8 -	
2 3	5	2	
29	1	6	



b



How does it work?	Solutions	Whole Numbers
Page 10 questions		
Adding and subtracting large numbers	;	
$ \begin{array}{c} \bullet & 3 & 6 & 5 & 2 & 6 & 8 \\ \hline 1 & 0 & 4 & 8 & 2 \\ \hline \hline 3 & 5 & 4 & 7 & 8 & 6 \end{array} $	1 5 <u>1</u> 4	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$
$ \begin{array}{c} $	f 7 2 4	$ \begin{array}{c} 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 6 & 7 & 8 & 9 \\ \overline{3 \ 2 \ 1 \ 1} \end{array} $
$4 \qquad 5 7 0 2 1 7 - 9 8 4 2 1 4 7 1 7 9 6$		

Page 12 questions

Long multiplication

$\frac{6 \ 0 \ 2 \ 2 \ 0}{6 \ 3 \ 3 \ 3 \ 6}$	Put a 0 in the ones column and multiply 3016 by 2 Add the columns together
$ \begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	Multiply 2581 by 9 Put a 0 in the ones column and multiply 2581 by 1
	$ \begin{array}{r} 6 & 0 & 2^{+1} & 2 & 0 \\ \overline{6 \ 3 \ 3 \ 3 \ 3 \ 5 \ 6 \ } \\ 2 & 5 & 8 & 1 \times \\ \underbrace{1 \ 9 \\ 1 \ 8^{+4} \ 5^{+7} & 2 \ 9 \\ 2_{+1} & 5_{+2} & 8 & 1 \ 0 \\ 4 & 9 & 0 & 3 \ 9 \\ \end{array} $



Add the columns together



Page 12 questions

Long multiplication

C	$\begin{array}{rrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrr$	Multiply 9570 by 3 Put a 0 in the ones column and multiply 9570 by 6 Add the columns together
đ	$\begin{array}{r} 3 & 8 & 7 & 6 \\ \hline 4 & 5 \\ \hline 1 & 5^{^{+4}} & 0^{^{+3}} & 5^{^{+3}} & 0 \\ \hline 1 & 2^{^{+3}}_{{}^{+1}} & 2^{^{+2}}_{{}^{+1}} & 8^{^{+2}}_{{}^{+1}} & 4 & 0 \\ \hline 1 & 7 & 4 & 4 & 2 & 0 \end{array}$	Multiply 3876 by 5 Put a 0 in the ones column and multiply 3876 by 4 Add the columns together
•	$ \begin{array}{rrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrr$	Multiply 1012 by 7 Put a 0 in the ones column and multiply 1012 by 3 Add the columns together
ſ	$ \begin{array}{rrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrr$	Multiply 20 202 by 5 Put a 0 in the ones column and multiply 20 202 by 1 Add the columns together

Page 13 questions

Long multiplication

1	a		2 1	1 2	2 × 1	
			2	1	2	Multiply 212 by 1
		4	2	4	0	Put a 0 in the ones column and multiply 212 by 2
		2 1	2	0	0	Put 0s in the ones and tens columns and multiply 212 by 1
		2 5	6	5	2	Add the columns together





Page 13 questions

Long multiplication

0	$ \begin{array}{r} 2 & 5 & 8 \times \\ 4 & 0 & 5 \\ \hline 1 & 0^{+2} 5^{+4} 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ \hline & & & & \\ & & & & \\ & & & & \\ \end{array} $	Multiply 258 by 5 Put a 0 in the ones column and multiply 258 by 0 Put 0s in the ones and tens columns and multiply 258 by 4 Add the columns together
G	$\begin{array}{rrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrr$	Multiply 908 by 9 Put a 0 in the ones column and multiply 908 by 0 Put 0s in the ones and tens columns and multiply 908 by 2 Add the columns together
d	$ \frac{\begin{array}{c} 8 & 6 & 4 \times \\ 3 & 4 & 5 \\ \hline 4 & 0^{+3} & 0^{+2} & 0 \\ 3 & 2^{+2} & 4^{+1} & 6 & 0 \\ \hline 2 & 4^{+1}_{+1} & 8^{+1}_{+1} & 2 & 0 & 0 \\ \hline 2 & 9 & 8 & 0 & 8 & 0 \end{array} $	Multiply 864 by 5 Put a 0 in the ones column and multiply 864 by 4 Put 0s in the ones and tens columns and multiply 864 by 3 Add the columns together
0	$ \frac{\begin{array}{ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	Multiply 1325 by 7 Put a 0 in the ones column and multiply 1325 by 3 Put 0s in the ones and tens columns and multiply 1325 by 4 Add the columns together
•	$\begin{array}{rrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrr$	Multiply 6485 by 3 Put a 0 in the ones column and multiply 6485 by 2 Put 0s in the ones and tens columns and multiply 6485 by 1 Add the columns together





How does it work?	Solutions	Whole Numbers
Page 16 questions		
Short division		
1 a 4767 ÷ 3 = 1589	b	$6180 \div 5 = 1236$
1 5 8 9		1 2 3 6
3) $4^{-1}7^{-2}6^{-2}7$		$5) 6^{-1} 1^{-1} 8^{-3} 0$
$6012 \div 4 = 1728$	•	$12.054 \div 6 = 2000$
1 - 7 - 2 - 8	d	$12034 \div 0 = 2009$
$4\overline{)6^{2}9^{1}1^{3}2}$		$6 \overline{\smash{\big)}\ 2} \ 0 \ 0 \ 9}{6 \overline{\big)\ 1} \ 1 \ 2} \ 0 \ 5 \ 54}$
2 a $8965 \div 7 = 1280\frac{5}{7}$	b	$3879 \div 2 = 1939\frac{1}{2}$
1 2 8 0 $r\frac{5}{7}$		1 9 3 9 $r\frac{1}{2}$
$7)8^{1}9^{5}65$		$2)3^{1}87^{1}9$
$0.262 \div 9 = 1175^7$		$5801 \div 6 = 0.665$
$9205 = 8 - 11/5\frac{1}{8}$	đ	$5001 \div 0 = 500\frac{1}{6}$
$1 1 5 7 r\frac{7}{8}$		$6) \frac{9}{5} \frac{6}{58} \frac{6}{40} \frac{7}{41}$
0/9 2 0 3		U/J 0 U 1



SERIES TOPIC

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How does it work?	Solutions	Whole Numbers
Page 17 questions		
Long division		
1 a 257 15)3855 30 85 75 105 105 0	b 23	$ \begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$
$\therefore 3855 \div 15 = 257$	∴ 8 <u>!</u>	$947 \div 23 = 389$
$\begin{array}{c} \hline \begin{array}{c} 2 & 1 & 6 & \frac{1}{24} \\ 24 & 5 & 1 & 8 & 5 \\ \hline \begin{array}{c} 4 & 8 & \downarrow \\ \hline 3 & 8 \\ \hline 2 & 4 & \downarrow \\ \hline 1 & 4 & 5 \\ \hline 1 & 4 & 4 \\ \hline \end{array} \end{array}$	d 17	$ \begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$
$\therefore 5185 \div 24 = 216 \frac{1}{24}$	2 	$578 \div 17 = 151 \frac{11}{17}$



8



Page 19 questions

Commutative laws







How does it work?	Solutions	Whole Num	bers
Page 20 questions			
Commutative laws			
3	$\begin{array}{c} 0 \\ 0 \\ 0 \\ 0 \\ 0 \\ 0 \\ 0 \\ 0 \\ 0 \\ 0 $	$\begin{array}{c} \bullet & \bullet & \bullet & \bullet \\ \bullet & \bullet & \bullet & \bullet & \bullet \\ \bullet & \bullet &$	
4 Here are two of the many possibil	ties		
2×6 =	6×2	= 12	
$2 \times 6 =$	$\left.\right\rangle$ $\left.\right\rangle$ $\left.\right\rangle$ $\left.\right\rangle$ $\left.\right\rangle$ $\left.\right\rangle$ $\left.\right\rangle$ 6×2	= 12	
5 To obtain an answer of 24, these v	vhole number multiplicatio	ons are possible:	
4×6	$3 \times 8 \qquad 2 \times 12$ $8 \times 3 \qquad 12 \times 2$	1×24 24×1	
0×4	0 × 3 12 × 2	24 × 1	
4×6 $6 \times$	4	8 × 3	3 × 8



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 24×1

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 2×12

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 1×24

0 0 0 0 0 0

 12×2

SERIES TOPIC

Page 22 questions

Associative laws

b

C

1













Page 23 questions

Associative laws

2 3
$$25 + 91 + 75 = \left\{ \begin{array}{c} 25 \\ 100 \\ 191 \end{array} \right\} + 91$$

= 191

b
$$83 + 52 + 18 = \left\{ 52 + 18 \right\} + 83$$

= 70 + 83
= 153

c
$$122 + 163 + 37 = \left\{ \begin{array}{c} 163 \\ 200 \\ \end{array} + \begin{array}{c} 37 \\ 122 \\ \end{array} \right\} + \left(\begin{array}{c} 122 \\ 122 \\ \end{array} \right)$$
$$= \begin{array}{c} 200 \\ 322 \\ \end{array}$$

d
$$102 + 43 + 25 = \left\{ 102 + 43 \right\} + 25$$

= 145 + 25
= 170

e
$$37 + 14 + 56 + 23 = \{37 + 23\} + \{14 + 56\}$$
 f $111 + 80 + 19 + 45 = \{111 + 19\} + \{80 + 45\}$
= $60 + 70$ = $130 + 125$
= 130 = 255





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Page 24 questions

Associative laws

3 a
$$\left\{ \begin{array}{c} \mathbf{x} \\ \mathbf$$









C



Page 25 questions

Associative laws





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Page 26 questions

Associative laws



Numbers were grouped that added to a multiple of 10 to make it easier to add together.

b $12 \times 2 \times 5 \times 3$ $(12 \times 3) \times (2 \times 5) = 36 \times 10 = 360$ $(12 \times 5) \times (2 \times 3) = 60 \times 6 = 360$

$$2 \times 4 \times 5 \times 5 = \{2 \times 5\} \times \{4 \times 5\}$$

$$= 10 \times 20$$

$$= 200$$

$$= 20 \times 21$$

$$= 420$$







How does it work?

Solutions

Page 28 questions

Distributive law

1 3
$$3 \times \{5 + 6\} = 3 \times 5 + 3 \times 6$$

b 7 $\times \{8 - 4\} = 7 \times 8 - 7 \times 4$
c $6 \times 13 + 6 \times 9 = 6 \times \{13 + 9\}$
d 15 $\times 7 - 15 \times 10 = 15 \times \{7 - 10\}$
e 5 $\times \{9 + 11\} = 45 + 5 \times 11$
f $12 \times \{3 - 1\} = 36 - 12$

2 a)
$$5 \times \{8+2\} = 5 \times \boxed{8} + 5 \times \boxed{2}$$

 β $5 \times \{4+6\} = 5 \times \boxed{4} + 5 \times \boxed{6}$
 $= \boxed{40} + \boxed{10}$
 $= \boxed{50}$
 $= \boxed{50}$

The sum of the terms inside both brackets are equal.
 So 5 is multiplied by the same value in both expressions.

c $5 \times \{0+10\}$ $5 \times \{1+9\}$ $5 \times \{3+7\}$ $5 \times \{5+5\}$

The sum of the terms inside the brackets must equal 10.

•
$$6 \times 25 = 6 \times \{20 + 5\}\)$$

 = $6 \times 20 + 6 \times 5$

 = $120 + 30$

 = 150

 • $11 \times 32 = 11 \times \{30 + 2\}\)$

 = $11 \times \{30 + 11 \times 2\}$

 = $330 + 22$

 = 352

 • $8 \times 98 = 8 \times \{100 - 2\}$

 = $800 - 16$

 = 784

 • $15 \times 19 = 15 \times \{20 - 1\}$

 = $15 \times 20 - 15 \times 1$

 = $300 - 15$

 = $300 - 15$

 = 285



Page 29 questions

Distributive law

$$14 \times 37 = 14 \times (40 - 3)$$

= 14 × 40 - 14 × 3
= 14 × 40 - 42
= (10 + 4) × 40 - 42
= 10 × 40 + 4 × 40 - 42
= 400 + 160 - 42
= 518

$$45 \times 82 = 45 \times (80 + 2)$$

= 45 × 80 + 45 × 2
= 45 × 80 + 90
= (40 + 5) × 80 + 90
= 40 × 80 + 5 × 80 + 90

= 3690

= 3200 + 400 + 90

d 25 × 112

b 45 × 82

$$25 \times 112 = 25 \times (100 + 12)$$

= 25 × 100 + 25 × 12
= 2500 + 25 × 12
= 2500 + (20 + 5) × 12
= 2500 + 20 × 12 + 5 × 12
= 2500 + 240 + 60
= 2800

e 83 × 35

c 22 × 75

 $22 \times 75 = 75 \times (20 + 2)$

= 1650

 $= 75 \times 20 + 75 \times 2$

 $= (70 + 5) \times 20 + 150$ $= 70 \times 20 + 5 \times 20 + 150$

= 1400 + 100 + 150

 $= 75 \times 20 + 150$

$$35 \times 83 = 35 \times (80 + 3)$$

= 35 × 80 + 35 × 3
= 35 × 80 + 105
= (30 + 5) × 80 + 105
= 30 × 80 + 5 × 80 + 105
= 2400 + 400 + 105
= 2905

f 120×108

$$120 \times 108 = 120 \times (110 - 2)$$

= 120 × 110 - 120 × 2
= 120 × 110 - 240
= (100 + 20) × 110 - 240
= 100 × 110 + 20 × 110 - 240
= 11000 + 2200 - 240
= 12960





Page 31 questions

Divisibility Tests	
2,4,5,10	
2,4,8	
2,3,4,6,8	
3	
3,5	
3,9	
2,4,8	
2,3,4,6	
2,3,6,9	
3	1 00
2,3,4,6	31
2,3,4,5,6,8,9,10	
None of them	1
2,3,6,9,10	







H	ow	does it work?	Solutions	Whole Numbers
Pa	ge 3	33 questions		
Inde	ex not	ation for numbers		
1	a	$5 \times 5 = 5^2$	D	$4 \times 4 \times 4 = 4^3$
	C	$2 \times 2 \times 2 \times 2 \times 2 = 2^5$	0	$11 \times 11 \times 11 \times 11 = 11^4$
	e	$7 \times 7 \times 7 \times 7 \times 7 \times 7 = 7$	6 f	$3 \times 3 = 3^8$
2	a	$2 \times 2 \times 2 \times 3 \times 3 = 2^3 \times 3 = 8 \times 6 = 48$	3 ² b	$5 \times 5 \times 4 \times 4 = 5^2 \times 4^2$ $= 25 \times 16$ $= 400$
	C	$6 \times 6 \times 6 \times 6 \times 7 \times 7 \times 7$	$= 6^{4} \times 7^{3}$ $= 1296 \times 343$ $= 444528$	$2 \times 1 \times 2 \times 1 \times 2 = 1^2 \times 2^3$ $= 1 \times 8$ $= 8$
	e	2 × 8 × 8 × 2 × 8 × 8 × 8 =	= $2^2 \times 8^5$ = 4×32768 = 131072	$4 \times 3 \times 3 \times 4 \times 3 \times 2 \times 2 \times 2 = 2^3 \times 3^3 \times 4^2$ $= 8 \times 27 \times 16$ $= 3456$
3	a	$3^3 = 3 \times 3 \times 3$	Ь	$8^4 = 8 \times 8 \times 8 \times 8$
	C	$6^5 = 6 \times 6 \times 6 \times 6 \times 6$	d	$12^7 = 12 \times 12 \times 12 \times 12 \times 12 \times 12 \times 12$
	e	$5^3 \times 7^2 = 5 \times 5 \times 5 \times 7 \times$	7 1	$2^4 \times 3^2 = 2 \times 2 \times 2 \times 2 \times 3 \times 3$
	g	$7^5 \times 2^4 = 7 \times 7 \times 7 \times 7 \times 7 \times 7$	$x7 \times 2 \times 2 \times 2 \times 2$ h	$2^2 \times 3^4 \times 5^2 = 2 \times 2 \times 3 \times 3 \times 3 \times 3 \times 5 \times 5$





Page 34 questions

Puzzle Time

							4 ²	:											
			6 ²									5 ²							
									1 ²										
							3 ²												
					1	2													
											6 ²								
			5 ²			4	2									_			
Area expressi	on 1							Ar	ea e	xpr	essi	on 2	2						
Area = 2×1^2	$^{2} + 3^{2} +$	2×4^2	$^{2}+2 \times$	< 5 ² -	+ 2 ×	6 ²		Ar	ea =	= (5	5+0	5)×	(4+	- 5 +	- 6)				
If you went f	further	and c	alcula	ted	the a	rea,	you	wou	ld g	et:						 	•••••	 	······.
= 2+9	+ 32 +	50+	72 un	its ²					=	= 11	$ \times 1$	5 u	nits	2					
= 165 u	inits ²								=	= 16	ó5 ι	inits	2						
*•••	•••••	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	•••••			•••••		•••••		•••••	• • • • • • • • • •					 		 	····**
Page 24 c	uesti	ons																	
	1.2.0011																		

Square roots and cube roots

:: means 'because'

1 a)
$$\sqrt{4} = 2$$
 or $\sqrt{4} = \sqrt{2 \times 2}$
 $\therefore 2 \times 2 = 4$ $= \sqrt{2^2}$
 $= 2$
b $\sqrt{16} = 4$ or $\sqrt{16} = \sqrt{4 \times 4}$
 $= \sqrt{4^2}$
 $= 4$
c $\sqrt{25} = 5$ or $\sqrt{25} = \sqrt{5 \times 5}$
 $\therefore 5 \times 5 = 25$ $= \sqrt{5^2}$
 $= 5$
d $\sqrt{49}$ or $\sqrt{49} = \sqrt{7 \times 7}$
 $\therefore 7 \times 7 = 49$ $= 7$





How does it work?	Solutions	Whole Numbers
Page 36 questions		
Square roots and cube roots		
·.· means 'because'		
e $\sqrt{81} = 9$ or $\sqrt{81} = 3$ $\therefore 9 \times 9 = 81$	$= \sqrt{9 \times 9}$ = $\sqrt{9^2}$ = 9	$\overline{21} = 11$ $\cdot 11 \times 11 = 121$ or $\sqrt{121} = \sqrt{11 \times 11}$ $= \sqrt{11^2}$ = 11
2 a $\sqrt[3]{27} = 3$ or $\sqrt[3]{27}$ $\therefore 3 \times 3 \times 3 = 27$	$= \sqrt[3]{3 \times 3 \times 3}$ $= \sqrt[3]{3^3}$ $= 3$ $= 3$	$\overline{4} = 4$ or $\sqrt[3]{64} = \sqrt[3]{4 \times 4 \times 4}$ $\therefore 4 \times 4 \times \sqrt[3]{4^3} 64$ = 4
c $\sqrt[3]{216} = 6$ or $\sqrt[3]{216}$ $\therefore 6 \times 6 \times 6 = 216$	$= \sqrt[3]{6 \times 6 \times 6} \qquad \text{d} \sqrt[3]{5}$ $= \sqrt[3]{6^3} \qquad \therefore$	$\overline{512} = 8$ or $\sqrt[3]{512} = \sqrt[3]{8 \times 8 \times 8}$ $\cdot 8 \times 8 \times 8 = 512$ $= \sqrt[3]{8^3}$

= 8

3	a $3 = \sqrt{9}$	or	$3^2 = 3 \times 3$	b $8 = \sqrt{64}$	or	$8^2 = 8 \times 8$
	$\therefore 3 \times 3 = 9$	0.	= 9		01	∵8× & = 6464
			$\therefore 3 = \sqrt{9}$			$\therefore 8 = \sqrt{64}$

= 6

d $12 = \sqrt{144}$ **c** $6 = \sqrt{36}$ $6^2 = 6 \times 6$ $12^2 = 12 \times 12$ or $\therefore 12 \times 12 = 144^{\circ}$ $\therefore 6 \times 6 = 36$ = 36 = 144 $\therefore 6 = \sqrt{36}$ $\therefore 12 = \sqrt{144}$

4	a $1 = \sqrt[3]{1}$	or	$1^3 = 1 \times 1 \times 1$	b $2 = \sqrt[3]{8}$	or	$2^2 = 2 \times 2 \times 2$
	$:: 1 \times 1 \times 1 = 1$	0.	= 1			$\therefore 2 \times \neq \times \otimes 2 = 8$
			$\therefore 1 = \sqrt[3]{1}$			$\therefore 2 = \sqrt[3]{8}$

c $5 = \sqrt[3]{125}$	or $5^3 = 5 \times 5 \times 5$	d $7 = \sqrt[3]{343}$	$7^3 = 7 \times 7 \times 7$
$\therefore 5 \times 5 \times 5 = 125$	= 125	$\therefore 7 \times 7 \times 7 = 343$	= 343
	$\therefore 5 = \sqrt[3]{125}$		$7 = \sqrt[3]{343}$



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Page 39 questions

Factor Trees







 $\therefore 18 = 2 \times 3^2$



 $\therefore 56 = 2^3 \times 7$





 $\therefore 84 = 2^2 \times 3 \times 7$





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Where does it work?

Solutions

Page 40 questions

Factor Trees





$$\therefore 24 = 2^3 \times 3$$







 $\therefore 60 = 2^2 \times 3 \times 5$





 \therefore 96 =

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Page 42 questions

Highest common factor (HCF)

Find the highest common factor for these pairs of numbers.

a 8 and 12 Factors of 8: 1 , 2 , (4), 8 Factors of 12: 1, 2, 3, (4), 6, 12 \therefore The HCF for 8 and 12 is: 4 **b** 6 and 15 Factors of 6: 1 , 2 , (3), 6 Factors of 15: 1 , (3), 5 , 15 \therefore The HCF for 6 and 15 is: 3 **c** 10 and 18 Factors of 10: 1 , (2), 5 , 10 Factors of 18: 1 , (2), 3 , 6 , 9 , 18 \therefore The HCF for 10 and 18 is: 2 d 18 and 24 Factors of 18: 1, 2, 3, (6), 9, 18 Factors of 24: 1 , 2 , 3 , 4 , (6), 8 , 12 , 24 \therefore The HCF for 18 and 24 is: 6 e 14 and 28 Factors of 14: 1 , 2 , 7 , (14) Factors of 28: 1 , 2 , 4 , 7 , (14) , 28 \therefore The HCF for 14 and 28 is: 14 **f** 16 and 36 Factors of 16: 1, 2, (4), 8, 16 Factors of 36: 1 , 2 , 3 , (4), 6 , 9 , 12 , 18 , 36 \therefore The HCF for 16 and 36 is: 4





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Highest common factor (HCF)

- 2 Use the prime factors to find the HCF for these larger numbers.
 - a 42 and 84 Prime factors of 42: (2, 2, 2, 2, 3)Prime factors of 84: (2, 2, 3), 7 \therefore The HCF for 42 and 84 is: $2 \times 2 \times 3 = 12$
 - ▶ 92 and 72 Prime factors of 92: 2, 2, 2, 23Prime factors of 72: 2, 2, 2, 3, 3 \therefore The HCF for 92 and 72 is: $2 \times 2 = 4$
 - C 280 and 490 Prime factors of 280: 2, 2, 2, 5, 7 Prime factors of 490: 2, 5, 7, 7 ∴ The HCF for 280 and 490 is: $2 \times 5 \times 7 = 70$
 - **d** 256 and 640

Prime factors of 256: 2 2 2 2 2 2 Prime factors of 640: 5 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 \therefore The HCF for 256 and 640 is: $2 \times 2 \times 2 \times 2 \times 2 \times 2 \times 2 = 128$





Lowest common multiple (LCM)

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Find the lowest common multiple for these pairs of numbers. a 3 and 9 Multiples of 3: 3 , 6 , (9), 12 ,... Multiples of 9: (9), 18 ,... \therefore The LCM for 3 and 9 is: 9 **b** 5 and 10 Multiples of 5: 5 , (10) , 15 ,... Multiples of 10: (10) , 20 ,... \therefore The LCM for 5 and 10 is: 10 **c** 4 and 6 Multiples of 4: 4 , 8 , (12) , 16 ,... Multiples of 6: 6 , (12) , 18 ,... \therefore The LCM for 4 and 6 is: 12 **d** 5 and 6 Multiples of 5: 5 , 10 , 15 , 20 , 25 , (30) ,... Multiples of 6: 6 , 12 , 18 , 24 , (30) ,... \therefore The LCM for 5 and 6 is: **30** • 6 and 7 Multiples of 6: 6 , 12 , 18 , 24 , 30 , 36 , (42) , 48 ,... Multiples of 7: 7 , 14 , 21 , 28 , 35 , (42) ,... \therefore The LCM for 6 and 7 is: **42** 12 and 16 Multiples of 12: 12 , 24 , 36 , (48) , 60 , 72 ,... Multiples of 16: 16 , 32 , (48) , 64 ,... ... The LCM for 12 and 16 is: 48





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Lowest common multiple (LCM)

2

Use the prime factors to find the LCM for these larger numbers.

Steps taken

- List all the prime factors for both numbers
- Circle all the different factors in the smaller number
- Multiply the larger number by the different factor

a 60 and 108

Prime factors of 60: 2 , 2 , 3 , 5 Prime factors of 108: 2 , 2 , 3 , 5 \therefore The LCM for 60 and 108 is: $108 \times 5 = 540$

b 42 and 150

Prime factors of 42: 2 , 3 , (7)Prime factors of 150: 2 , 3 , 5 , 5 \therefore The LCM for 42 and 150 is: $150 \times 7 = 1050$

c 168 and 180

Prime factors of 168: 2 , 2 , 2 , 2 , 3 , 7 Prime factors of 180: 2 , 2 , 3 , 3 , 5 \therefore The LCM for 168 and 180 is: $180 \times 2 \times 7 = 2520$

d 210 and 385

Prime factors of 210: (2), (3), 5, 7 Prime factors of 385: 5, 7, 11 \therefore The LCM for 210 and 385 is: $385 \times 2 \times 3 = 2310$





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Applications of Pascal's Triangle





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Applications of Pascal's Triangle



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Applications of Pascal's Triangle

3



The total number of different pathways the ant can travel downwards to the main chamber

$$= 1 + 5 + 10 + 10 + 5 + 1$$
$$= 32$$







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